## Playing Reverse Hex

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## Rex



## proofs: allow holey boards



## color symmetry



## TRex truncated Rex

## move only if $\geq 2$ empty cells ...so can end in draw



## Lemma

## TRex from psn P with empty cell c player $Z=X$ or $Y$ :

## - $X$ wins $(P+Y(c), Z) \Longrightarrow X$ not-loses $(P, Z)$ - $Y$ wins $(P, Z) \Longrightarrow Y$ not-loses $(P+Y(c), Z)$

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TRex from psn P with empty cell c player $\mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{X}$ or Y :

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- $Y$ wins $(P, Z) \Longrightarrow Y$ not-loses $(P+Y(c), Z)$


## Theorem

## TRex from color-symmetric psn P with $\geq 2$ empty cells:

- player to-move not-loses - player not-to-move not-loses


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## to-move not-loses



## not-to-move not-loses



## Theorem

Rex color-symmetric $P \quad k$ empty cells:

## - $k \geq 2 \Longrightarrow$ exists non-losing move

- $k$ even $\Longrightarrow 1$ st player not-loses*
- k odd $\Longrightarrow$ 2nd player non-loses*
wins if $P$ has no holes


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* wins if P has no holes


## Lemma

## Rex <br> color-symmetric $P$ <br> k empty cells:

## - $k \geq 2$ even:

$X$ wins $(P, Y) \Longrightarrow \forall$ empty $c, X$ wins $(P+X(c), Y)$

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## - $k \geq 3$ odd:

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Rex $\mathrm{n} \times \mathrm{n} \mathrm{P} \quad 2 t$ empty cells long diagonal color-symmetry c in corner empty wedge and X -peripheral:

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- X not-loses ( $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{X}(\mathrm{c}), \mathrm{Y})$


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## some winning $2 t \times 2 t$ openings



## Theorem

Rex

## $\mathrm{n} \times \mathrm{n} \mathrm{P}$ <br> $P$ color-symmetric

$2 t+1$ empty cells $P^{\prime}=P+X(c):$

## - c-reflection $d \neq \mathrm{c} \Longrightarrow$ Y not-Ioses $P^{\prime}+Y(d)$ <br> - long diag'l symmetry, d Y-peripheral in empty corner wedge of $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ Y not-loses $P^{\prime}+Y(d)$

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## some winning $3 \times 3$ replies



## some winning $5 \times 5$ replies



## a $4 \times 4$ example

## black-to-play wins from here



## a $4 \times 4$ example

... black-to-play wins from here


## 1st-player win

## e.g. force 2nd-player this way



## $3 \times 3$

## 2nd-player win



$$
4 \times 4
$$

## 1st-player win



$$
4 \times 4
$$

## another way to win



## $5 \times 5$

## 2nd-player win



## $2 \times 2$

## all winning openings

## all winning replies



$$
4 \times 4
$$

## all (but 2?) winning openings

## thanks to

- NSERC Alberta Ingenuity
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