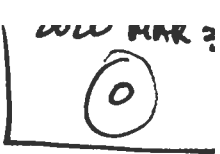


SOME ~~SMALL~~ SHALLOW GAMES

WU MAR?


GAMES BORN ~~ON~~ DAY ① • ①

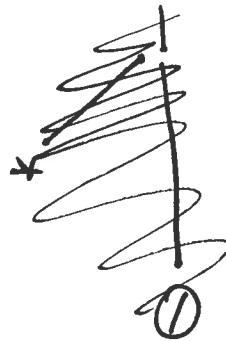
ON DAY 1  1  1  *  -

ON DAY 2: ?

L OPTIONS : ANY SUBSET OF { } ① 1 * -1

- BUT....

HASSE
 DIAGRAM



DOWNLOAD
 CGSUITE

• BUT... SOME OF THESE
 ARE COMPARABLE

E.G. ① < 1
 * < 1
 ...

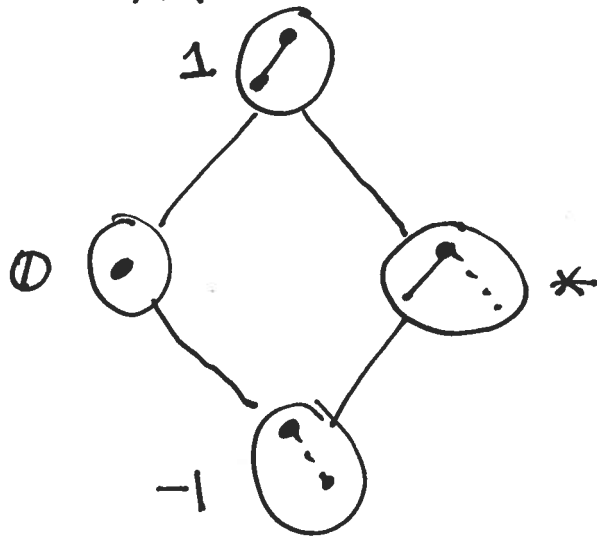
SO ONLY L OPTION SETS ARE

{ } {1} {-1} {①, *} {①} {*}

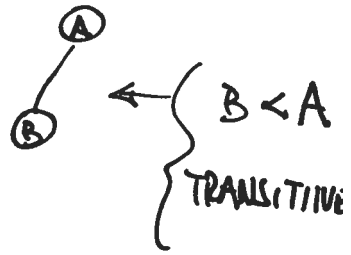
SO AT MOST 36 ^{DIFF'T} GAMES BORN ON DAY 2

IN FACT, ONLY 22

GAMES w DEPTH ≤ 1



HASSE
DIAGRAM

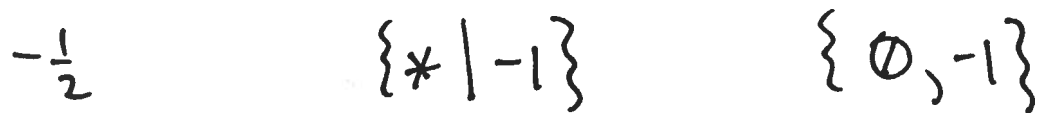
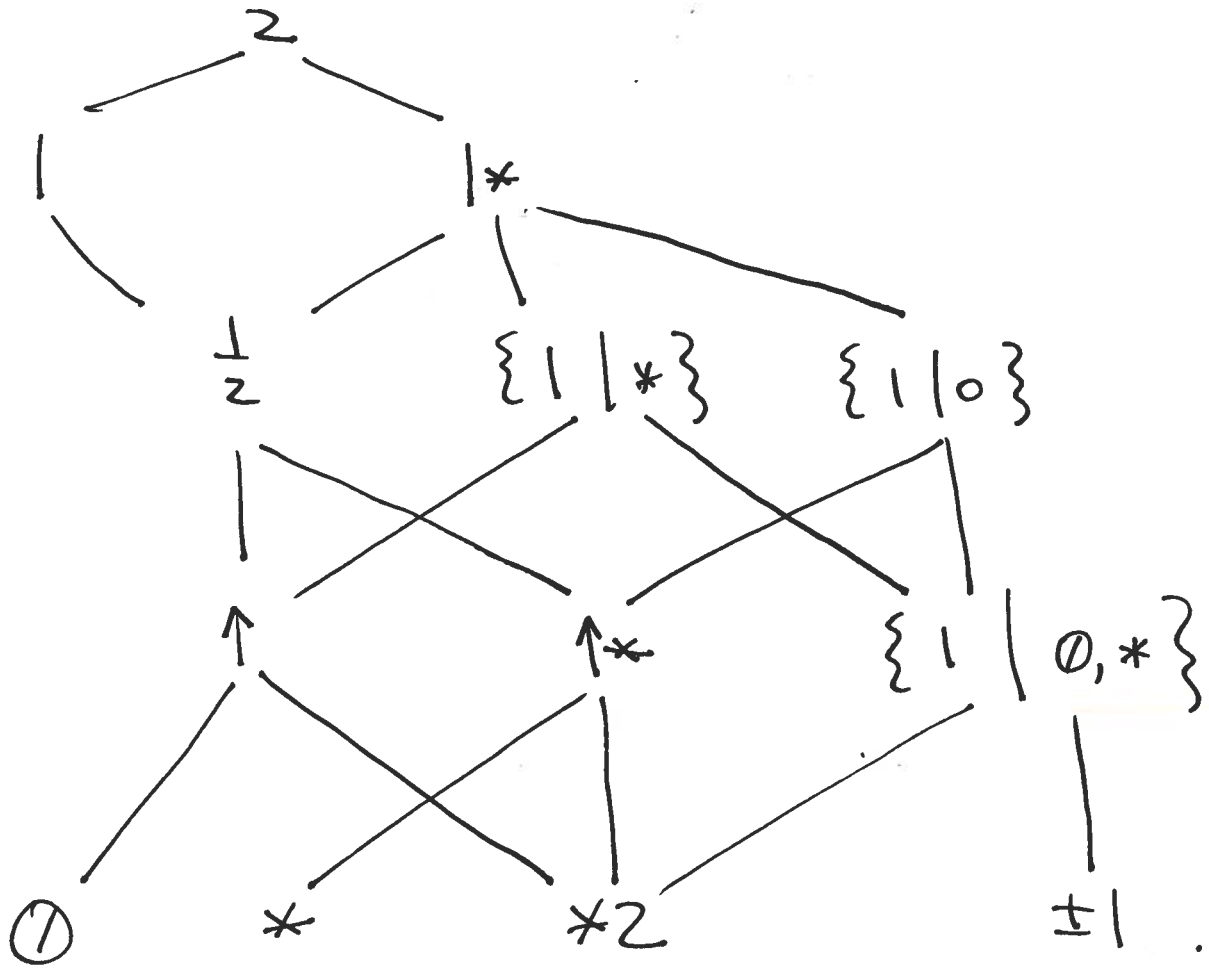


- ~~∃~~ \exists TOTAL ORDER \leq ON INTEGERS
- \exists PARTIAL " \leq ON GAMES
(SOME GAMES A, B
HAVE $A \parallel B$)

22
≡≡≡

GAMES w DEPTH ≤ 2

2020.3.3 (2)



-2



1*

2/1-



↑



•



SIMPLIFYING:

CAN. FORM II

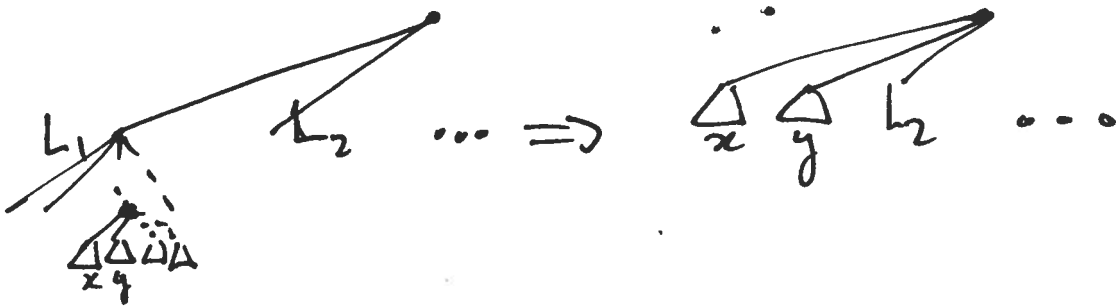
10/20 MARKS
④

LET $G = \{L_1, L_2, \dots \mid R_1, R_2, \dots\}$

IF L_1 HAS A R-OPTION β_1 S.T. $\beta_1 \in G$

THEN

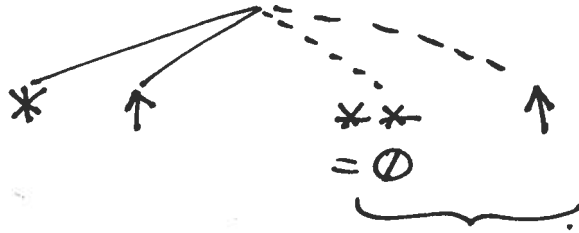
$G = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ALL L OPTIONS} \\ \text{OFF } \beta_1 \\ \cancel{L_1} \end{array} \right. L_2, \dots \mid R_1, R_2, \dots \left. \right\}$



E.G. SIMPLIFY ~~*~~ \uparrow +



\uparrow *



• PRUNE DOMINATED R-OPT



• REVERSE LEFT \uparrow -OPT

IF L PLAYS TO \uparrow

R CAN PLAY ON \uparrow TO *

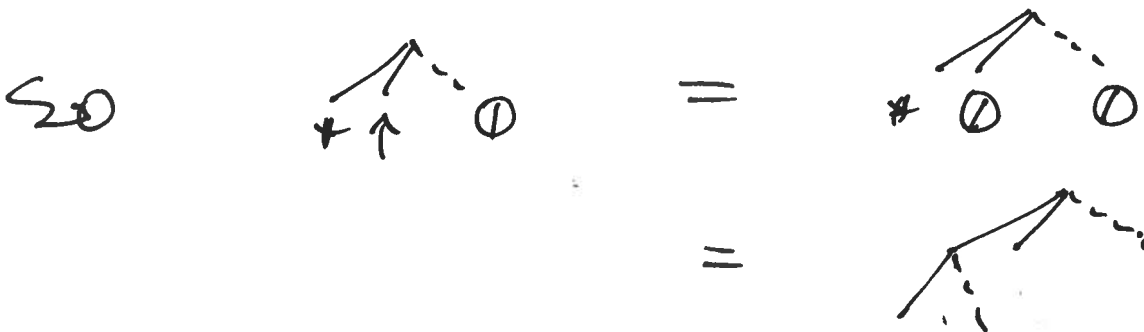
AND $* \leq G = \uparrow$

PROOF $* \leq \uparrow$
 IFF ~~0~~
 $** \leq \uparrow$
 IFF $0 \leq \uparrow$
 ✓

SO REPLACE LEFT \uparrow -OPT

WITH SET OF ALL L-OPTIONS IN *

NAMELY $\{0\}$



M

MORE CAN. FORM EXAMPLES (HAFF ≠ GARNER)

OLD MARKS
⑥

SIMPLIFY

$$\{1, 2 \mid 3\}$$

$$\{2 \mid 3\} = \frac{\Sigma}{2}$$

$$\{*, 1* \mid -5\}$$

$$\{1* \mid -5\}$$

$$\{*, \uparrow, \downarrow \mid -1\}$$

$$\{\downarrow \mid -1\}$$

$$\{0, * \mid \downarrow, \uparrow\}$$

$$\{0, * \mid \downarrow\}$$

$$\{* \mid \uparrow, *\}$$

⊙

$$\{0, * \mid * * \}$$

↑



SINCE L* OPTION IS REVERSED,
∴ REPLACE * WITH {}

$$\{\uparrow \mid \downarrow\}$$

*

REVERSE L: ↑ TO ⊙
R: ↓ TO ⊙

NOTICE
~~SHOW~~

$$\uparrow\uparrow \equiv \uparrow\uparrow = \{\uparrow \mid \uparrow+\}$$

$$\uparrow\uparrow+ = \{\uparrow\uparrow, \uparrow* \mid \uparrow\uparrow, \uparrow\}$$

$$\{\emptyset \mid \uparrow\}$$

{R REVERSES ↑ TO ↑* AND ↑* < ↑+ ☺

∴ REPLACE L: ↑ WITH ↑*. L = {+, ⊙}

~~REVERSE * TO ⊙~~ REPLACE * WITH

CANONICAL FORM

A.K.A. SIMPLEST FORM

"RECALL"

THM: ~~LET~~ $G = \{L_1, L_2, \dots, (R, \dots)\}$

~~AND~~ IF $L_1 \leq L_2$

THEN $G = \{ \cancel{L_1}, L_2, \dots, (R, \dots) \}$

PART I: DOMINATED OPTIONS

ALL SIMPLEST GAMES

DEPTH ≤ 2

DEPTH 0 \circ \circ \circ

DEPTH 1



DEPTH 2 ?

SIMPLE GAMES \leq ?

SET OF L OPTIONS ?
" " ?
 ≤ 16

SUBSET OF
 $\{0, 1, -1, *\}$

OF ^DEPTH 2 GAMES

$$\leq 16 \times 16 = 256$$

IN FACT

$$< \underline{\underline{256}}$$

BECAUSE SOME
OF THESE 256 GAMES
ARE EQUAL



CLAIM: $A = B$



SET OF

L OPTIONS:

SUBSET OF

$\{\}$

$\{0, 1, -1, *\}$

$\{0\}$

$\{0, 1\}$

$\{1\}$

$\{0, -1\}$

$\{-1\}$

$\{0, *\}$

$\{*\}$

...

AFTER PRUNING

L OPTION SETS?

$\{\}$

$\{0, *\}$

$\{-1\}$ $\{0\}$

$\{1\}$

$\{*\}$

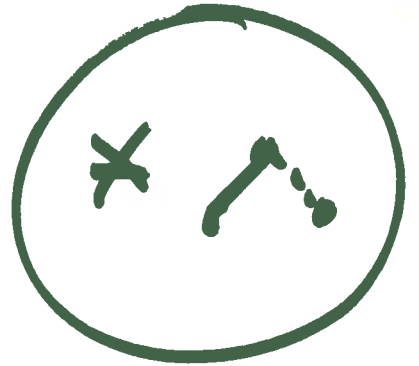
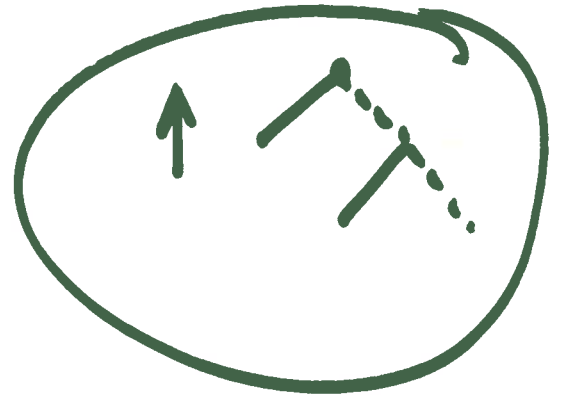
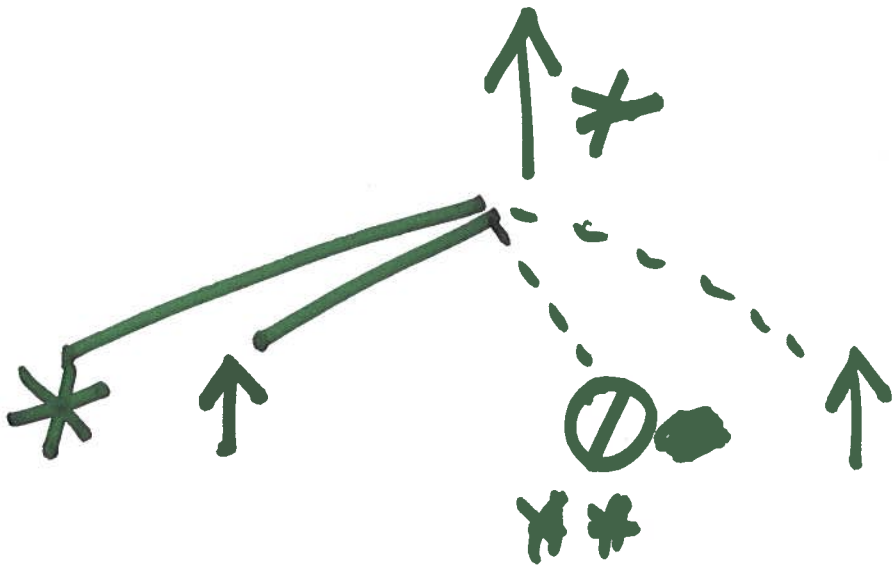


SO
 ≤ 36
GAMES
W DEPTH 2



MISSING 14 ?

SIMPLIFIED



SIMP.?

CAN. FORM : PART I



PROVE

\uparrow

\parallel

$*$

\uparrow

\parallel

$*$

IFF

$\uparrow *$

\parallel

$**$

(WHY?)

IFF

$\uparrow *$

\parallel

\emptyset

(" ?)

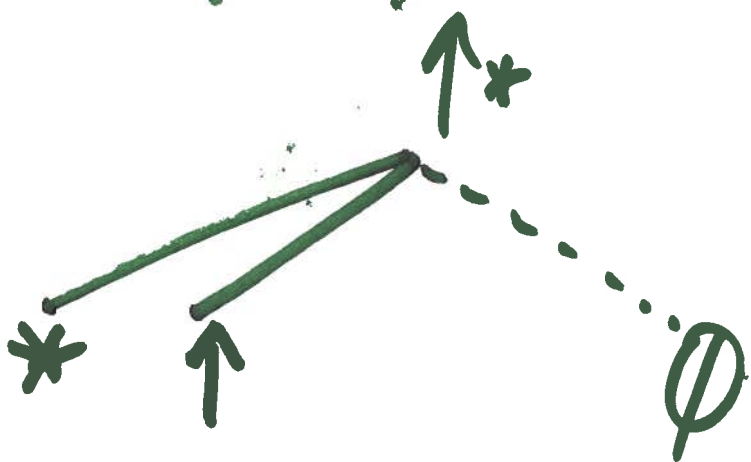
IFF

$\uparrow *$

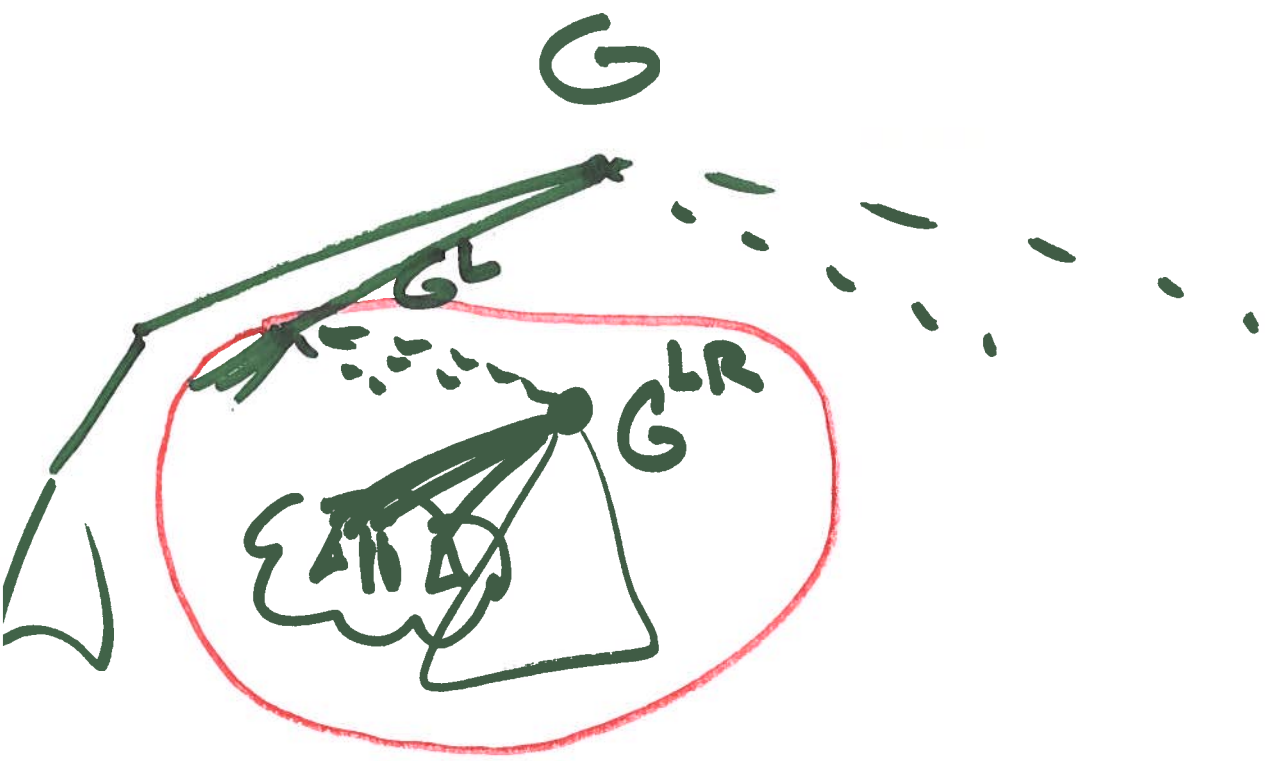
IS A

\mathcal{A} -PSN

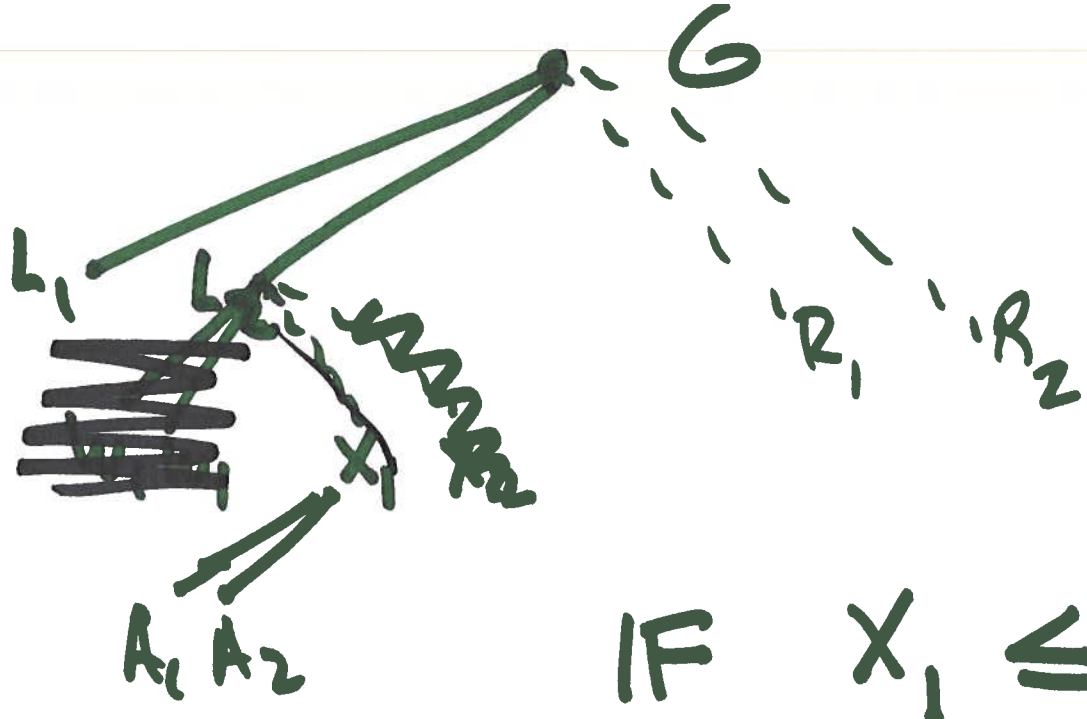
?



C.F. PART II



IF $G^{LR} \leq G$
THEN - IN G ,
WE CAN REPLACE G^L
WITH SET OF
LEFT OPTIONS
OF G^{LR}



IF $X_1 \leq G$

THEN

$$G = \{L_1, L_2 \mid R_1, R_2\}$$

$$= \{L_1, A_1, A_2 \mid R_1, R_2\}$$

SIMPLIFY

$\uparrow *$

$\uparrow \nearrow$



PRUNE ?

$\textcircled{D} < \uparrow$

MORE PRUNING?



IS $\textcircled{*} \leq \uparrow *$?



C.F. P. II

$$G = \{ *, \uparrow \mid \emptyset \}$$

$$= \{ *, \emptyset \mid \emptyset \}$$

THEN $G = \{ \langle r_1, r_2 \dots \mid r_1, r_2 \dots \rangle \}$

IF $R_1 \subseteq R_2$

SIMPLIFY

ODD \rightarrow

$$\frac{m}{2^k} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m-1 \\ \hline 2^k \end{array} \middle| \frac{m+1}{2^k} \right.$$

$$\{\cancel{1}, 2 \mid 3\} = \frac{\Sigma}{2}$$

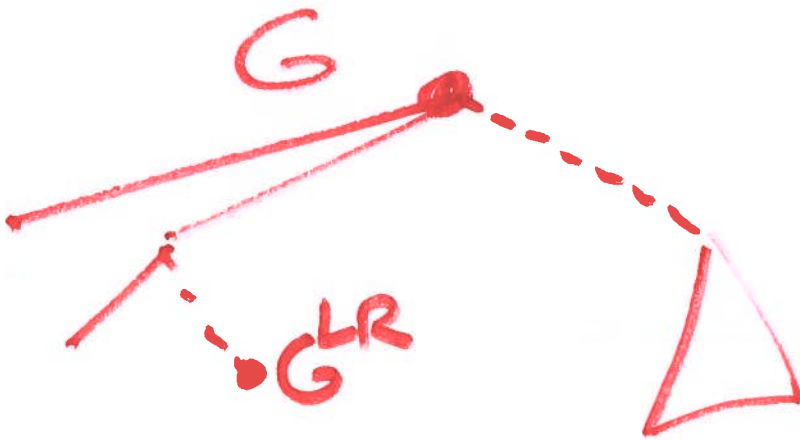
$$\left\{ \frac{2}{1} \mid \frac{3}{1} \right\}$$

$$\{\cancel{*}, \mid * \mid -5\}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{4}{2} \mid \frac{6}{2} \right\}$$

$$\{\cancel{*}, \cancel{\uparrow}, \mid -1\}$$

$$\{\textcircled{1}, * \mid \cancel{\textcircled{0}}, \Downarrow\}$$



SIMPLIFY

{ * | ↑ , * }



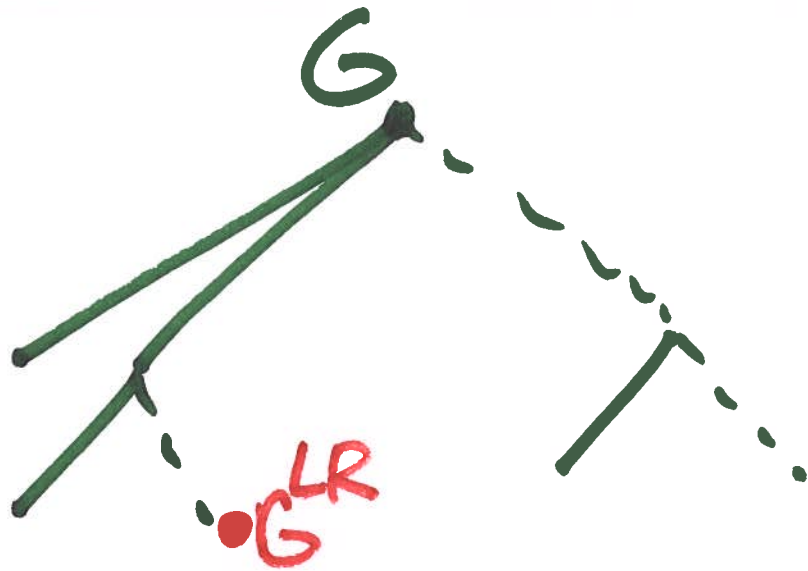
{ 0 , * | * }

P.II



{ ↑ | ↓ }

{ ↑↑ , ↑* | ↑↑ , ↑ }



IF $G^{LR} \leq G$

So $G = \{ \emptyset, * \mid * \}$

$= \{ \emptyset, * \}$

$\equiv \uparrow \text{😊}$