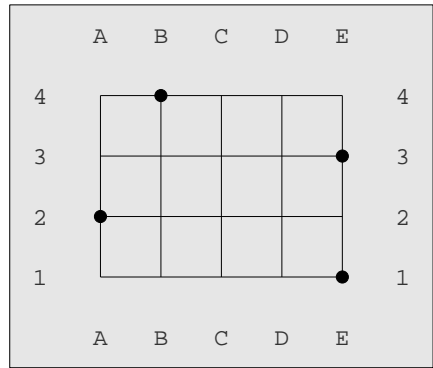
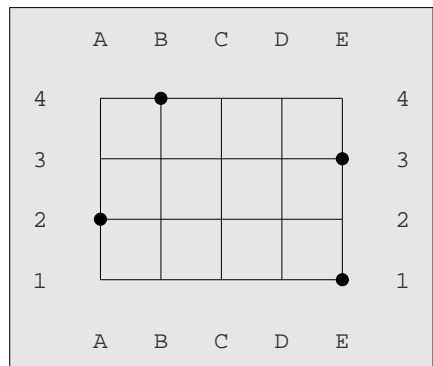


1. (a) Explain why any solution to this Steiner tree puzzle has cost at least 7.



- (b) On the diagram, draw a min cost solution and write its cost.



2. a) In the box, show the output from this python program.

```
def collatz(n):  
    print(n, end=': ')  
    while n > 1:  
        print(n, end=' ')  
        if n % 2 == 0: n = n // 2  
        else: n = n*3 + 1  
    print(n)  
  
for j in range(2,7): #from 2 to 6  
    collatz(j)
```



b) Prove or disprove (if you can): if the Collatz conjecture fails for some integer, and if  $x$  is the smallest such integer, then  $x$  is odd.

first name

last name

id#

each question 8 marks

30 min

closed book

no devices

3 pages

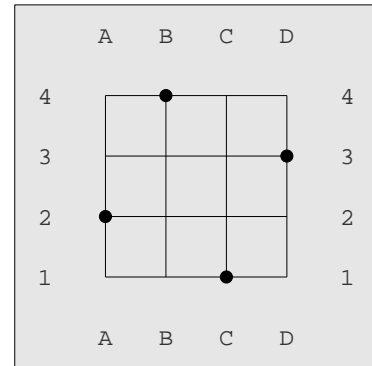
page 3

3. Explain why the runtime of ifib(n)

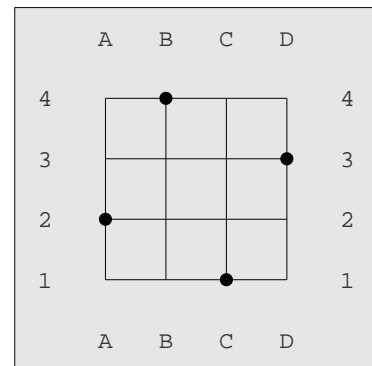
is proportional to  $\sum_{j=1}^n \lg(\text{fib}(j))$ .

```
def ifib(n):  
    a,b = 0,1  
    for _ in range(n):  
        a, b = b, a+b  
    return a
```

1. (a) Explain why any solution to this Steiner tree puzzle has cost at least 6.



- (b) On the diagram, draw a min cost solution and write its cost.



2. a) In the box, show the output from this python program.

```
def collatz(n):  
    print(n, end=': ')  
    while n > 1:  
        print(n, end=' ')  
        if n % 2 == 0: n = n // 2  
        else: n = n*3 + 1  
    print(n)  
  
for j in range(3,7): #from 3 to 6  
    collatz(j)
```



b) Prove or disprove (if you can): if the Collatz conjecture fails for some integer, and if  $y$  is the smallest such integer, then  $y$  is odd.

first name

last name

id#

each question 8 marks

30 min

closed book

no devices

3 pages

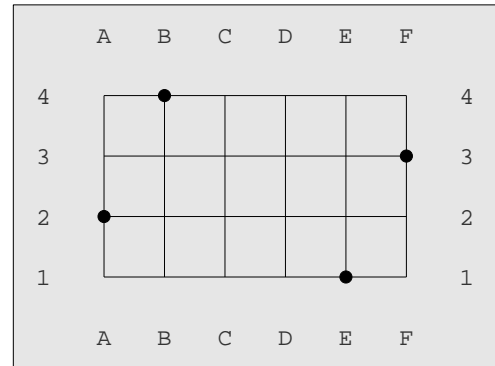
page 3

3. Explain why the runtime of ifib(n)

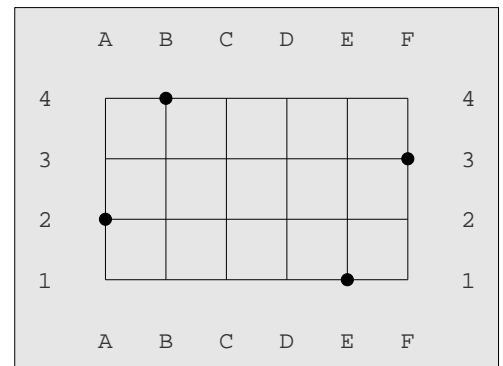
is proportional to  $\sum_{j=1}^n \lg(\text{fib}(j))$ .

```
def ifib(n):  
    a,b = 0,1  
    for _ in range(n):  
        a, b = b, a+b  
    return a
```

1. (a) Explain why any solution to this Steiner tree puzzle has cost at least 8.



- (b) On the diagram, draw a min cost solution and write its cost.



2. a) In the box, show the output from this python program.

```
def collatz(n):
    print(n, end=': ')
    while n > 1:
        print(n, end=' ')
        if n % 2 == 0: n = n // 2
        else: n = n*3 + 1
    print(n)

for j in range(1,7): #from 1 to 6
    collatz(j)
```



b) Prove or disprove (if you can): if the Collatz conjecture fails for some integer, and if  $z$  is the smallest such integer, then  $z$  is odd.



first name

last name

id#

each question 8 marks

30 min

closed book

no devices

3 pages

page 3

3. Explain why the runtime of ifib(n)

is proportional to  $\sum_{j=1}^n \lg(\text{fib}(j))$ .

```
def ifib(n):  
    a,b = 0,1  
    for _ in range(n):  
        a, b = b, a+b  
    return a
```