

Bringing the internet to you



Overview

- What is WAP?
- WAP Architecture
 - Protocol Stack
 - Wireless Application Environment
 - Extra Features
- Future of WAP

What is WAP?



- Allows wireless devices to access the internet
- Developed by Nokia, Ericsson, Motorola and Unwired Planet (formerly Phone.com) in mid 1997
- Is an attempt to define the standard for how content from the Internet is filtered for mobile communications
- WAP standards are created by members of the WAP Forum



The WAP protocol

- The WAP protocol stack
 - Defined in layers to distinguish the different data treatments during a transaction





- WDP (Wireless Datagram Protocol)
 - Modeled after the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
 - Allows WAP to be bearer independent by adapting the transport layer of the underlying bearer





- WTLS (Wireless Transport Layer Security)
 - Based on SSL (Secure Socket Layer)
 - Ensures transmitted data integrity
 - Provides a mechanism to encrypt data
 - Provides a method of authentication between server and terminal

Appiar on layer (₩A₹	Other Services and Applications
Other Connection Layer (WT?)	
Prison Serrey Lyer (WII S)	
WAP sole Transport 1 sy	e-(0/0))



- WTP (Wireless Transaction Protocol)
 - Handles the passing of packets (like TCP)
 - Prevents duplicate copies of packets from being received by a destination
 - Supports retransmission (if necessary), in cases where packets are dropped

Appliant on Layer (MAR)	Other Services and Amilications
Secure Layer (NSP)	
Oher Transition Lays, (WT?)	
Protocols Security Lager (W1138)	
WAP sole Transport " syst (9702)	



- WSP (Wireless Session Protocol)
 - Designed to implement a request response protocol
 - Two different services: connectionless or connection
 oriented service

Application Layer (MAR) Secure Layer (MSP)		Other Services and Applications
Obe: Tamacion la Protoco servicion la proble organg Secr La Le	er, (MT2) rryLoper(WILS) Thisper Loper(WD2)	

- WAE (Wireless Application Environment)
 - Defines the basics for WAP user agents and gateways
 - Includes WML, WMLScript, and WTA

Applicit the layer (PAT)		Other Services and Applications
Oher Transician Lays, (WT2) Transician Lays, (WT2) Transician Lays, (WT2) Secury Lays, (WT2)		
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WAP Programming Model





Wireless Application Environment





Features

- WAP Push
- User Agent Profile (UAProf)
- Wireless Telephony Application (WTA)
- External Functionality Interface (EFI)
- Persistent Storage Interface
- Data Synchronization
- Multimedia Messaging Service
- Provisioning
- Pictograms 🙂



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Mobile Data Applications

- WAP
 - a protocol independent of vendor and air link
 - allows mobile users to access personalized internet content
- Wapaka for the Web, a WML micro-browser for content providers



Examples of Mobile devices that support WAP



The Future of WAP



- Today, functionality of mobile applications is still very basic
- WAP Forum develops protocols for a common environment in the wireless market
- The open specifications of WAP will allow wide-ranging services for mobile users
- The market for WAP will become more profitable
- The competition

References

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