2 games and a puzzle

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hex an alternate-turn 2-player game. invented Denmark 1942. rules Decide who moves 1st. On your turn, mark an empty cell. winner? whoever joins their two sides. Below left: Black wins. Play with your neighbor. For each puzzle, find a winning move (1st move of a strategy that wins against all possible opponent strategies) for Black and then for White. https://bookstore.ams.org/nml-54

https://webdocs.cs.ualberta.ca/~hayward/355/asn/hexviz/ https://webdocs.cs.ualberta.ca/~hayward/talks/hex.detect.pdf https://webdocs.cs.ualberta.ca/~hayward/hexbook/hexfull.html



clobber an alternate-turn 2-player game. **invented** Halifax 2021. **rules** Decide who moves 1st. On your turn, if one of your marks touches an opponent's mark, you can **clobber**: erase your mark, erase their mark, put your mark where theirs was. **loser?** first player who cannot clobber. Example game below left: White loses. Play with your neighbor. For each puzzle, if Black plays 1st, who wins (has a strategy that wins against possible opponent strategies)? If White plays 1st, who wins?

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clobber









rectlinear steiner tree a puzzle. invented Nîmes 1811. application computer chip layout. rules Find min number edges that join all nodes. Below left: RST has 11 edges, can you do better? Solve with your neighbor.



ans: 9, 19, 23, 22, 27, 28

https://webdocs.cs.ualberta.ca/~hayward/304/asn/rstpuzz.pdf