c210	W'16qz4	45min	closedbook	page $1/1$
1.	[5] DHM is an avelution to the pro-	cronym for oblem of	This was a b	, who found a so- ig problem in the 1970s, be-
	Their method is $x =$ (given numbers	practical: there is an efficient al Their method is s a, x, n, find e such that	gorithm that takes as input n ecure: the best known algori) is little be	umbers a, e, n and computes thm for the inverse problem etter than brute force.
2.	[5] Here is Alice's public RSA info: modulus $t = 12916667$, exponent $z = 769$. Bob wants to send Alice the number $m = 3162453$ (with no hashing or signature). So he computes $v =$ and sends v to Alice. Alice knows the numbers p, q such that, and has used the extended Euclid algorithm to find d satisfying this equation:			
	To recover m , A does the eavesd easy or hard for	Alice evalutes this expression: m ropper Eve know? Eve to find m ? Explain briefly.	<i>u</i> =	. What numbers For this example, is it
3.	[5] This is the _	2) split string into blocks of	veloped by Feistel. 1) transl _ digits, encrypt each block s	ate message into a string of eparately. 3) for each block,

- 4. [5] Public-key cryptography uses ______ arithmetic, also known as clock arithemetic: if it is 2pm now, then 29 hours from now it will be _____pm, because 2 + 29 = _____. The British kept public-key crypto research secret for many years. They had done the same with other crypto research, to their benefit: eg. _____. American public-key crypto research was made public. _____, and ______, and ______. turned their p-kc system into a successful business. And ______, released a free p-kc system on the internet, because ______.