

2. i,ii,iii) see text  
 iv) see <http://nativeamerican.lostsoulsgenealogy.com/codetalkers.htm>
3. i) 1st cartouche, from top right: vulture (A), lion (L or R), door bolt (S or Z), reeds (E or I or Y), ripples (N), double dash (plural?), horned viper (F).  
 2nd cartouche, from right: oval (feminine form), vulture (A), loaf (other part of feminine form, or T), mouth (R), ripples (N), lion (L or R), door bolt (S or Z), reed (E or I).  
 ii) Arsinoe, of the Ptolemy family. There were several women with this name, including Arsinoe of Macedon and Arsinoe I,II,III,IV of Egypt. 1st assignment cartouche is Arsinoe (I?) on a block fragment at Karnak. 2nd assignment cartouche is Arsinoe III, where it appears under cartouche of Ptolemy IV Philopatr. Google *Arsinoe cartouche images* for more info.
4. i) *Y* is Coptic, spoken as the main language of Egypt until around 1100 AD. see text for rest.  
 ii) circle with dot as sun, spoken as *ra* in Coptic, first syllable in name Ramses.
5. i) if most words end in *s*, then reader will understand to add the *s*, even if it is not written.  
 ii) use text and/or <http://www.ancientscripts.com/linearb.html>
6. i) see Kober's paper  
 ii) 53-36-30-57 and 16-73-57 have same ending, so presumably same case, so presumably same **3-letter ending**, so consonant-vowel 30 and consonant-vowel 73 share the same last letter, i.e. they share their vowel.  
 iii) 53-36-30-57 and 53-36-52 have same beginning, so presumably same stem, so presumably same **5-letter stem**, so consonant-vowel 30 and consonant-vowel 52 both contain the 5th letter of this stem, their first letter, i.e. they share their consonant. Similarly, she assumed 30 and 52  
 iv) as in iii), they share their consonant.  
 v,vi,vii) see text