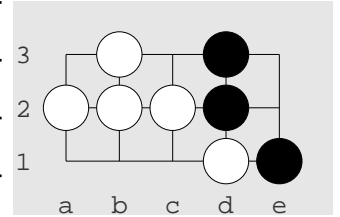


1. (a) What is the score of this go position *P*? Black \_\_\_\_\_ White \_\_\_\_\_

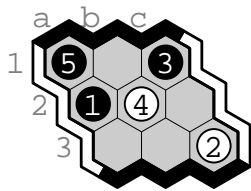
(b) Repeat (a) if the komi is 3.5. Black \_\_\_\_\_ White \_\_\_\_\_

(c) From *P*, give all black moves that capture an opponent block. \_\_\_\_\_

(d) Repeat (c) for white. \_\_\_\_\_



2. From hexgo/hex.py, here is parent[x] for this hex position. Next a white stone is placed at b3 , causing two union operations. Show the changes to parent[x].



	x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
current parent[x]		-4	-3	-2	-1	3	1	-4	-4	4	5	6	7	-3	9
after union 4 7		---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
then after union 8 7		---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3. (a) Unscramble and indent this code (a while loop) from the function that computes the go score. Indent properly and write the line number for each line: we have written the first number line for you.

WRITE YOUR ANSWER BELOW HERE

```

(0) b_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == BLACK) .(6)
(1) empty_points.append(x) .
(2) empty_seen.add(x) .
(3) if self.brd[x] == EMPTY and x not in empty_seen: .
(4) for j in self.nbr_offsets: .
(5) w_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == WHITE) .
(6) while (len(empty_points) > 0): .
(7) territory += 1 .
(8) q = empty_points.pop() .
(9) x = j + q .

```

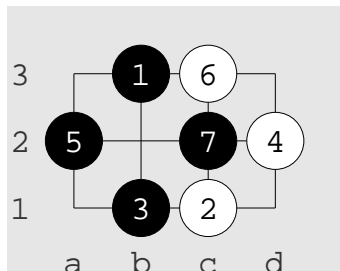
(b) Explain carefully: what does this line do ? b\_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == BLACK)

---



---

4. For both of the following continuations of the go game, give the first illegal move, and explain why it is illegal (occupied point, liberty violation, superko violation) or answer **all moves legal** if all moves are legal. (a) Assume self-capture is illegal. (b) Assume self-capture is legal.



- (a) ... 8.W[b2] 9.B[c2] 10.W[a1] \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) ... (same as above) \_\_\_\_\_
- (a) ... 8.W[d3] 9.B[pass] 10.W[d1] 11.B[b2] \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) ... (same as above) \_\_\_\_\_

5. This line is from the go board initialization in `hexgo/stone_board.py`:

```
self.nbr_offset = ((-1,0), (0,1), (1,0), (0,-1))
```

(a) Give the corresponding line for hex board initialization:

```
self.nbr_offset = _____
```

(b) Carefully explain the purpose of line 92 below:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

```
for r in range(self.r):
    for c in range(self.c):
        for (y,x) in self.nbr_offset:
            if r+y in r_range and c+x in c_range: # line 92
```

6. AlphaGo-Lee Sedol challenge match, Game 1, who made move move 7 (AG/LS)? \_\_\_\_\_

(b) why was this move unexpected? (at most 20 words) \_\_\_\_\_

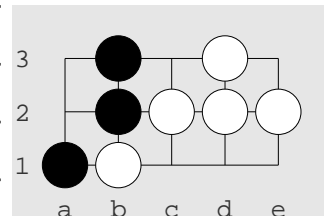
\_\_\_\_\_

(c) did this move turn out to be strong or weak move? Explain (at most 30 words)

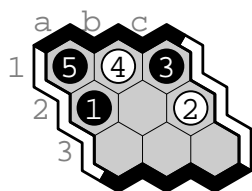
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

1. (a) What is the score of this go position  $P$ ? Black \_\_\_\_\_ White \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) Repeat (a) if the komi is 3.5. Black \_\_\_\_\_ White \_\_\_\_\_
- (c) From  $P$ , give all black moves that capture an opponent block. \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) Repeat (c) for white. \_\_\_\_\_



2. From hexgo/hex.py, here is parent[x] for this hex position. Next a white stone is placed at b2 , causing two union operations. Show the changes to parent[x].



	x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
current parent[x]		-4	-3	-2	-1	3	1	-4	-4	4	-3	6	7	8	9
after union 1 4		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
then after union 5 4		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

3. (a) Unscramble and indent this code (a while loop) from the function that computes the go score. Indent properly and write the line number for each line: we have written the first number line for you.

WRITE YOUR ANSWER BELOW HERE

```

(0) for j in self.nbr_offsets: .(2)
(1) w_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == WHITE) .
(2) while (len(empty_points) > 0): .
(3) territory += 1 .
(4) q = empty_points.pop() .
(5) x = j + q .
(7) b_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == BLACK) .
(6) empty_points.append(x) .
(8) empty_seen.add(x) .
(9) if self.brd[x] == EMPTY and x not in empty_seen: .
    
```

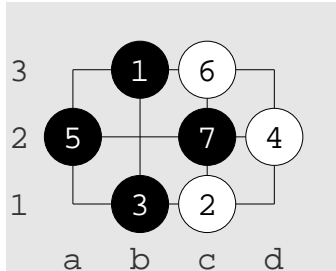
- (b) Explain carefully: what does this line do ? `b_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == BLACK)`

---



---

4. For both of the following continuations of the go game, give the first illegal move, and explain why it is illegal (occupied point, liberty violation, superko violation) or answer **all moves legal** if all moves are legal. (a) Assume self-capture is illegal. (b) Assume self-capture is legal.



- (a) ... 8.W[b2] 9.B[c2] 10.W[a1] \_\_\_\_\_  
 (b) ... (same as above) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (a) ... 8.W[d3] 9.B[pass] 10.W[d1] 11.B[b2] \_\_\_\_\_  
 (b) ... (same as above) \_\_\_\_\_

5. This line is from the go board initialization in `hexgo/stone_board.py`:

```
self.nbr_offset = ((-1,0), (0,1), (1,0), (0,-1))
```

- (a) Give the corresponding line for hex board initialization:

```
self.nbr_offset = _____
```

- (b) Carefully explain the purpose of line 92 below:

\_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

```
for r in range(self.r):
    for c in range(self.c):
        for (y,x) in self.nbr_offset:
            if r+y in r_range and c+x in c_range: # line 92
```

6. AlphaGo-Lee Sedol challenge match, Game 3, who made move move 37 (AG/LS)? \_\_\_\_\_

- (b) why was this move unexpected? (at most 20 words) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

- (c) did this move turn out to be strong or weak move? Explain (at most 30 words)

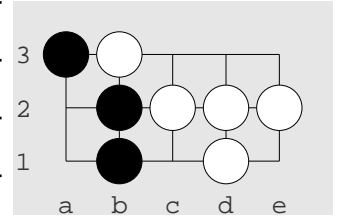
\_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

1. (a) What is the score of this go position  $P$ ? Black \_\_\_\_\_ White \_\_\_\_\_

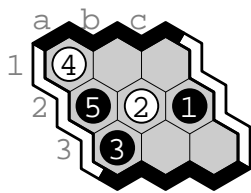
(b) Repeat (a) if the komi is 3.5. Black \_\_\_\_\_ White \_\_\_\_\_

(c) From  $P$ , give all black moves that capture an opponent block. \_\_\_\_\_

(d) Repeat (c) for white. \_\_\_\_\_



2. From hexgo/hex.py, here is parent[x] for this hex position. Next a white stone is placed at b1 , causing two union operations. Show the changes to parent[x].



	x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
current parent[x]		-4	-3	-2	-1	-1	1	2	-2	4	5	-2	7	8	9
after union 0 1		---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
then after union 4 1		---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3. (a) Unscramble and indent this code (a while loop) from the function that computes the go score. Indent properly and write the line number for each line: we have written the first number line for you.

WRITE YOUR ANSWER BELOW HERE

```

(0) territory += 1
(1) q = empty_points.pop()
(2) x = j + q
(3) b_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == BLACK)
(4) empty_points.append(x)
(5) empty_seen.add(x)
(6) if self.brd[x] == EMPTY and x not in empty_seen:
(7) for j in self.nbr_offsets:
(8) w_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == WHITE)
(9) while (len(empty_points) > 0):
    
```

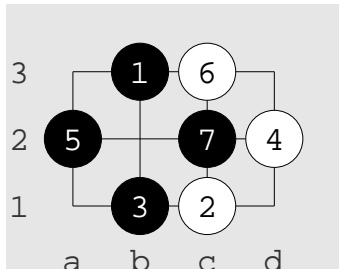
(b) Explain carefully: what does this line do ? `b_nbr |= (self.brd[x] == BLACK)`

---



---

4. For both of the following continuations of the go game, give the first illegal move, and explain why it is illegal (occupied point, liberty violation, superko violation) or answer **all moves legal** if all moves are legal. (a) Assume self-capture is illegal. (b) Assume self-capture is legal.



- (a) ... 8.W[b2] 9.B[c2] 10.W[a1] \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) ... (same as above) \_\_\_\_\_
- (a) ... 8.W[d3] 9.B[pass] 10.W[d1] 11.B[b2] \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) ... (same as above) \_\_\_\_\_

5. This line is from the go board initialization in `hexgo/stone_board.py`:

```
self.nbr_offset = ((-1,0), (0,1), (1,0), (0,-1))
```

(a) Give the corresponding line for hex board initialization:

```
self.nbr_offset = _____
```

(b) Carefully explain the purpose of line 92 below:

\_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

```
for r in range(self.r):
    for c in range(self.c):
        for (y,x) in self.nbr_offset:
            if r+y in r_range and c+x in c_range: # line 92
```

6. AlphaGo-Lee Sedol challenge match, Game 4, who made move move 78 (AG/LS)? \_\_\_\_\_

(b) why was this move unexpected? (at most 20 words) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(c) did this move turn out to be strong or weak move? Explain (at most 30 words)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_